## H.W.1

Q1. Calculate the kinetic energy of an object of mass 2kg moving with a speed of 9m/s?

$$KE = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 - \frac{1}{2}(2)(q)^2 = 81$$
 t

Q2. What is the speed of an object of 1kg mass with a kinetic ?energy of 50J

$$m=1 \text{ kg} \qquad kE = 50\text{ J} \qquad V = ??$$

$$kE = \frac{1}{2} m V^2 \qquad V = \int \frac{2 \text{ KE}}{m}$$

$$V = \int \frac{2 \times 50}{1} = 10 \text{ m/s}$$

Q3. An object moving with a speed of 67 m/s and has a kinetic energy of 500 J, what is the mass of the object?

$$V = 67 \, m/s \qquad KE = 5000 \qquad m = 1?$$

$$kE = \frac{1}{2} \, m \, v^2 \qquad m = \frac{2kE}{v^2}$$

$$m = \frac{2k500}{67^2} = 0.223 \, kg$$

- Q4) Which of the following types of energy relies on the square of the body's speed and mass?
- A) Potential
- B) Kinetic
  - C) Nuclear
  - D) Electrostatic

Q5) Calculate the wavelength and energy of light that has a frequency of 1.5 x 10<sup>15</sup> Hz?

$$f = 1.5 \times 10^{15} Hz$$
  $C = 3 \times 10^{8} m/s$ 

$$\lambda = \frac{C}{f} = \frac{3 \times 10^{8}}{1.5 \times 10^{15}} = 0.000 0002 m$$

$$E = hf = 6.626 \times 10^{34} \times 1.5 \times 10^{15}$$
  
= 9.939 × 10-19 t

Q6) Calculate the frequency of light that has a wavelength of 4.25 x 10<sup>2</sup>m?

$$f = \frac{C}{\lambda}$$
=  $\frac{3 \times 10^8}{4.25 \times 10^{-9}}$  =  $7.06 \times 10^{16} \text{ Hz}$